

Heterogeneous Graph Neural Network for Music Emotion Recognition

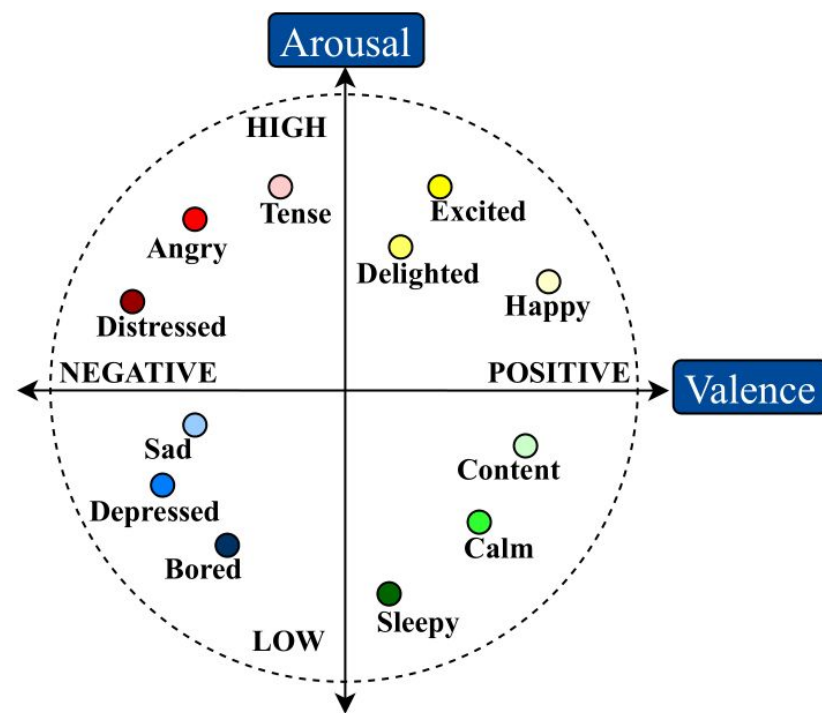
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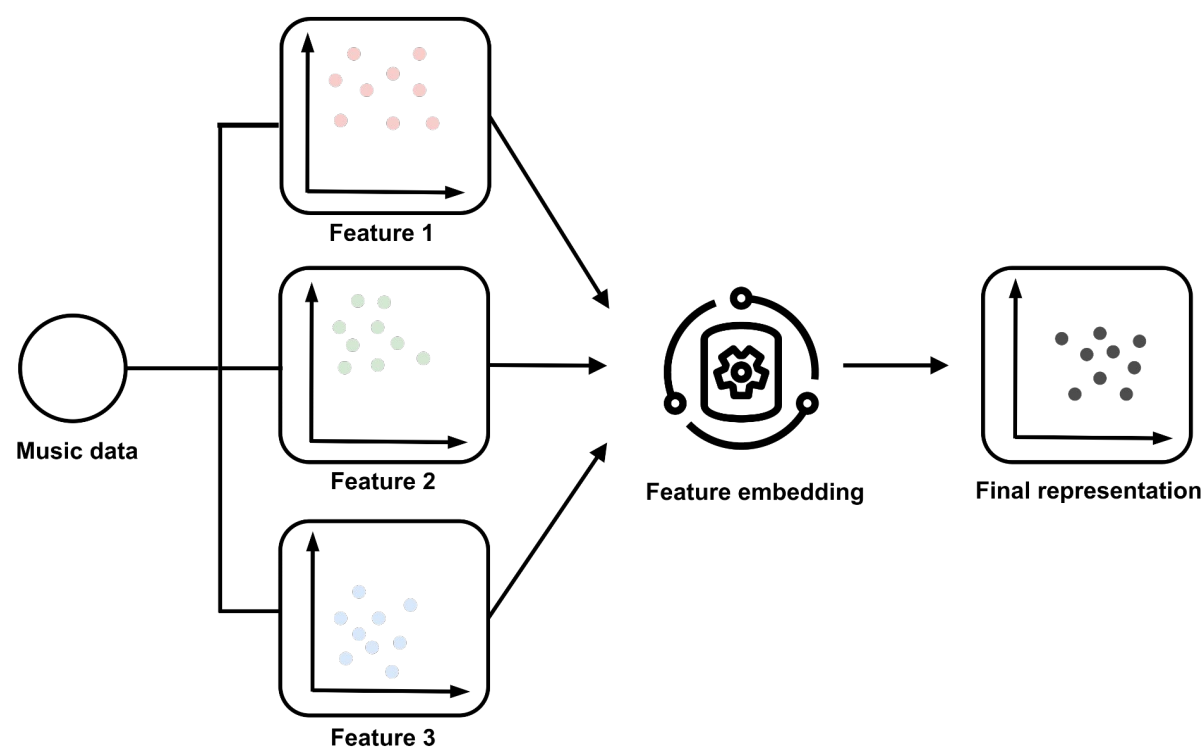
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Introduction

- Music is intrinsically connected to human emotions
- Emotion labels can be identified from arousal and valence domains
- Musical data have a multimodal and heterogeneous composition



Example of emotions mapped in the arousal and valence domains

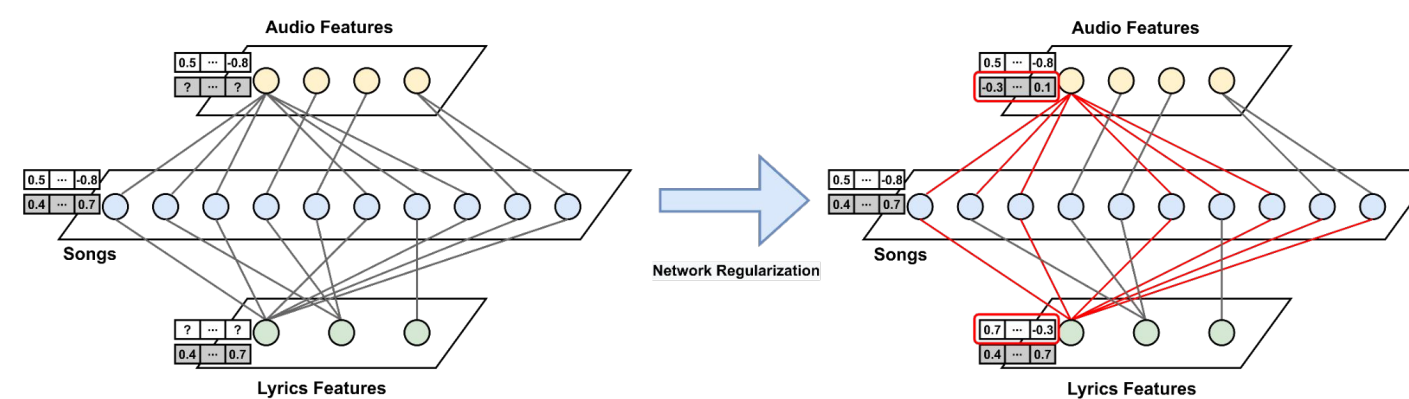


Embedding a music representation from heterogeneous features

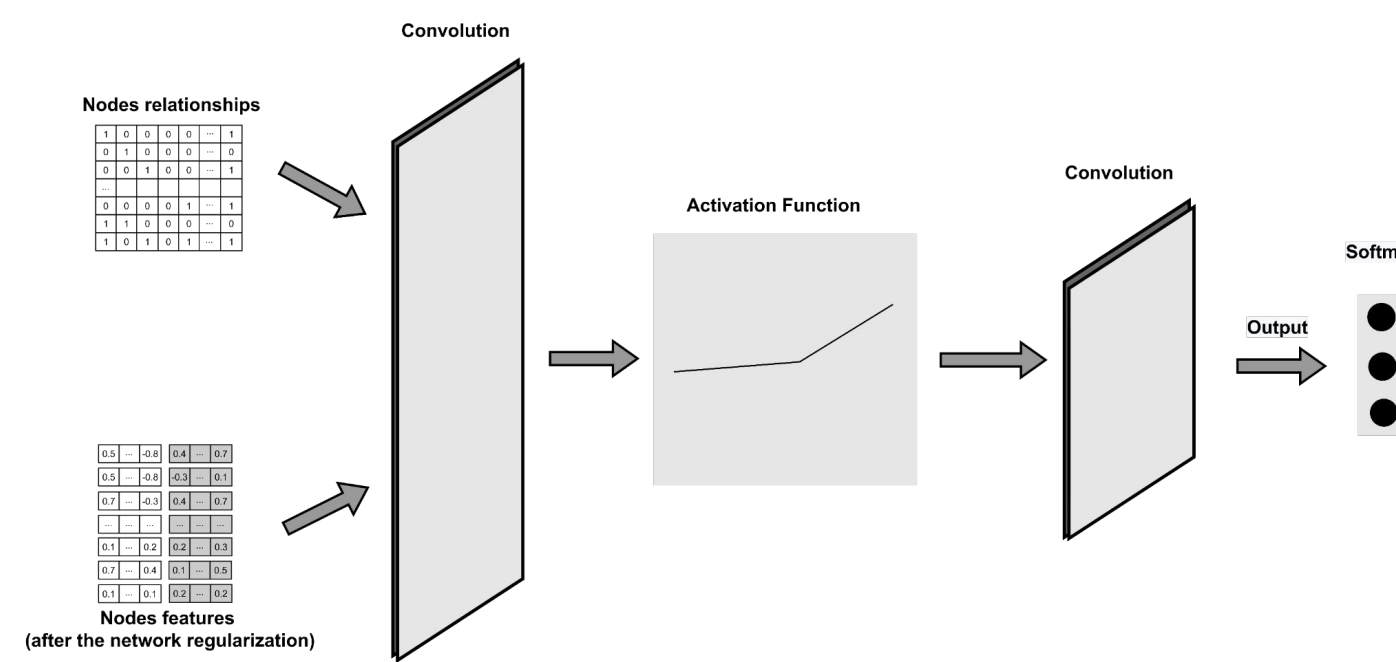
Major Contributions

- We structure audio and lyrics features on heterogeneous network
- We applied a network regularization framework to propagate information between nodes
- Our approach learn a new heterogeneous multimodal graph-based music representation
- We evaluated multiple strategies to build a heterogeneous network for musical data.

Proposed Approach



Heterogeneous network regularization to propagate features between nodes

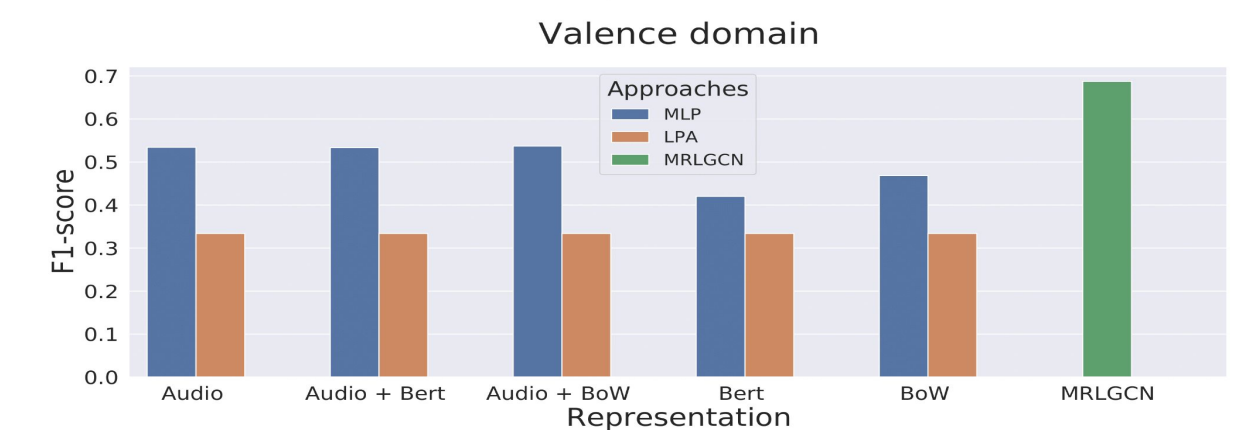
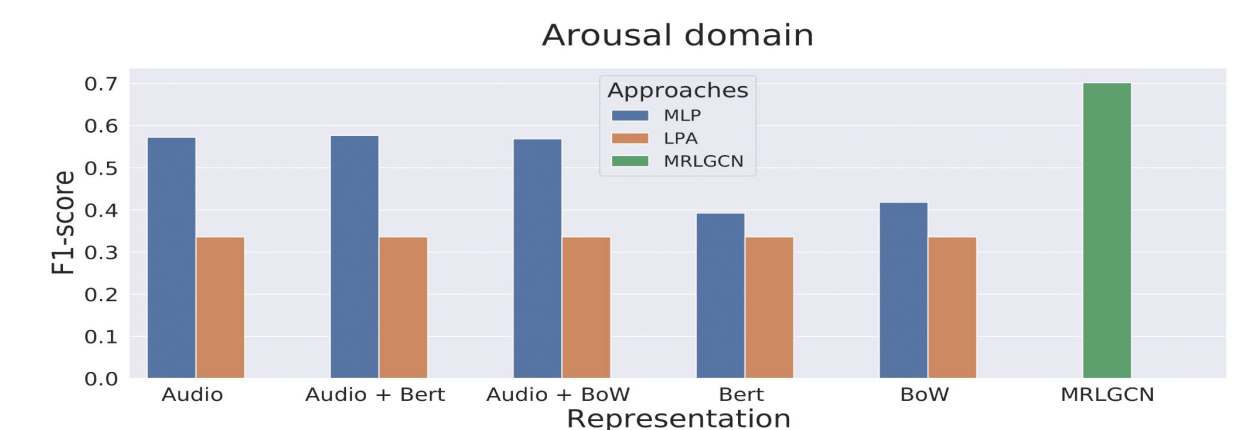


The GCN model uses relationships and feature nodes as input to handle MER.

Experimental Evaluation

Dataset	Evaluated representations
Task: Music Emotion Recognition Songs: 764 Domains: Arousal and Valence Classes: Positive, Negative and Neutral Features: Audio and Lyrics	Proposed representation multimodal graph-based representation Baseline BoW BoW + Audio Bert Bert + Audio Audio
Sampling	Algorithms
	Inductive scenario Multilayer perceptron Transductive scenario Label Propagation Algorithm

Results Overview



Conclusion

- Our results showed that the proposed representation is more discriminative than the other unimodal or multimodal representations
- The results reinforce the applicability of graph-based representations in unstructured and multimodal data