# A Unified Model for Zero-shot Singing Voice Conversion and Synthesis



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#### Introduction

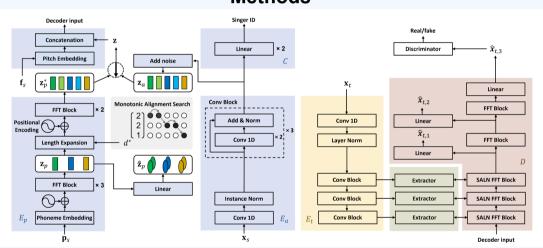
- Most recent works on singing voice generation only support the generation of preset singers' voice.
- Zero-shot singing voice generation is challenging due to the lack of publicity multi-singer dataset.
- Current state-of-the-art zero-shot voice conversion and text-to-speech show potential in improving zero-shot singing voice generation.

## Overview

- The source encoders map the audio and text input respectively into a similar content latent space.
- The target encoder takes target singing segments as references.



#### **Methods**



### **Results**

Task	Model	Unseen singers		Seen singers	
		Similarity	Naturalness	Similarity	Naturalness
SVC	Baseline (SVC)	$3.14 \pm 0.17$	$3.29 \pm 0.16$	$3.20 \pm 0.18$	$3.21 \pm 0.16$
	Proposed (S)	$3.61 \pm 0.16$	$3.27 \pm 0.17$	$3.63 \pm 0.16$	$3.27 \pm 0.16$
	Proposed (C)	$3.56 \pm 0.17$	$\boldsymbol{3.53 \pm 0.17}$	$\boldsymbol{3.70 \pm 0.16}$	$\textbf{3.46} \pm \textbf{0.16}$
svs	Baseline (SVS)	$3.14 \pm 0.18$	$2.98 \pm 0.16$	$\textbf{3.88} \pm \textbf{0.15}$	$3.39 \pm 0.16$
	Proposed (S) w/o Musdb-V	$\boldsymbol{3.18 \pm 0.17}$	$\boldsymbol{3.06 \pm 0.17}$	$3.87 \pm 0.15$	$3.32 \pm 0.17$

Table 1. Subjective evaluation MOS and the 95% confidence interval are shown

Datasets	SVC	SVS
All	0.290	0.233
w/o MPOP600	0.292	0.225
w/o Musdb	0.178	0.145
w/o MPOP600 and w/o Musdb	0.194	0.149

**Table 2. Ablation study** Objective similarity scores with reduced training data. All four settings are trained with Proposed (S) under the unseen-to-unseen scenario.

## Conclusion

- Proposed unified model jointly supports the zero-shot SVC and SVS tasks, and has achieved state-of-the-art performance.
- Different design of the attention mechanism determines the trade-off between perceptual similarity and naturalness.
- Using a dataset containing a large number of singers for training is critical in improving zero-shot singing voice generation.